

§ 52.478

40 CFR Ch. I (7–1–11 Edition)

§ 52.478 Rules and Regulations.

(a) On April 8, 1993, the District of Columbia submitted a letter to EPA declaring that there are no sources located in the District belonging to the following VOC categories:

(1) Automobile and light-duty truck manufacturing;

(2) Coating of cans, coils, paper, fabric and vinyl, metal furniture, large appliances, magnet wire, miscellaneous metal parts and products, and flatwood paneling;

(3) Storage of petroleum liquids in fixed-roof tanks and external floating-roof tanks;

(4) Bulk gasoline plants and terminals;

(5) Petroleum refinery sources;

(6) Petroleum refinery equipment leaks;

(7) Manufacture of synthesized pharmaceutical products, pneumatic rubber tires, vegetable oil, synthetic organic chemicals (fugitive VOCs and air oxidation), and high density polyethylene, polypropylene and polystyrene resins;

(8) Graphic arts systems;

(9) Storage, transportation and marketing of VOCs (fugitive VOCs from oil and gas production and natural gas and gasoline processing).

(b) On September 4, 1997, the District of Columbia submitted a letter to EPA declaring that there are no sources located in the District which belong to the following VOC categories:

(1) Coating of plastic parts (business machines and other);

(2) Aerospace;

(3) Shipbuilding and repair;

(4) Automobile refinishing;

(5) Industrial wastewater;

(6) Distillation or reactor or batch processes in the synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry;

(7) Volatile organic storage;

(8) Wood furniture coatings;

(9) Offset lithography;

(10) Clean-up solvents.

[64 FR 57781, Oct. 27, 1999]

§ 52.479 Source surveillance.

(a) [Reserved]

(b) The requirements of § 51.213 are not met with respect to the strategies for carpool locator service. The remaining transportation measures in

the previously federally-promulgated implementation plan have been mooted by court decision (*District of Columbia v. Costle*, 567 F. 2d 1091 (D.C. Cir 1977)) or rescinded by EPA.

[46 FR 61263, Dec. 16, 1981, as amended at 51 FR 40677, Nov. 7, 1986]

§ 52.480 Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations (PAMS) Program.

On January 14, 1994 the District of Columbia's Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs submitted a plan for the establishment and implementation of a Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations (PAMS) Program as a state implementation plan (SIP) revision, as required by section 182(c)(1) of the Clean Air Act. EPA approved the Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations (PAMS) Program on September 11, 1995 and made it part of the District of Columbia SIP. As with all components of the SIP, the District of Columbia must implement the program as submitted and approved by EPA.

[60 FR 47084, Sept. 11, 1995]

§§ 52.481–52.483 [Reserved]

§ 52.484 Interstate pollutant transport provisions; What are the FIP requirements for decreases in emissions of nitrogen oxides?

(a)(1) The owner and operator of each source located within the District of Columbia and for which requirements are set forth under the Federal CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program in subparts AA through II of part 97 of this chapter must comply with such applicable requirements. The obligation to comply with these requirements in part 97 of this chapter will be eliminated by the promulgation of an approval by the Administrator of a revision to the District of Columbia State Implementation Plan (SIP) as meeting the requirements of CAIR for PM_{2.5} relating to NO_x under § 51.123 of this chapter, except to the extent the Administrator's approval is partial or conditional or unless such approval is under § 51.123(p) of this chapter.

(2) Notwithstanding any provisions of paragraph (a)(1) of this section, if, at